

F5IO Industrial Organization Module 3, 2024-2025

Course Information

Instructor: Chen Lyu

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Office Hour: TBA

Classes:

Lectures: Tue & Fri 8:30-10:20

Venue: TBA

Course Website:

https://cms.phbs.pku.edu.cn/claroline/course/index.php?cid=F5IO

1. Course Description

1.1 Context

Course overview: Industrial Organization (IO) studies firms' behaviors and interplay in a market context. We will explore the basic economic theories and frameworks for understanding firm behaviors like pricing, collusion, entry, merger & acquisition as well as their welfare consequences. Mini-cases will link the theories to real-world practices. Basic tools from game theory will also be introduced when necessary.

1.2 Textbooks and Reading Materials

Main reference:

my slides or lecture notes

Other references:

- 1. Pepall, L., Richards, D., & Norman, G. (2014). Industrial organization: Contemporary theory and empirical applications (fifth edition). John Wiley & Sons.
- 2. Tirole, J. (1988). The theory of industrial organization. MIT press.
- 3. A guide to anti-trust laws in the US: https://www.ftc.gov/advice-guidance/competition-guidance/guide-antitrust-laws

2. Learning Outcomes

2.1 Intended Learning Outcomes

Learning Goals	Objectives	Asses with NO)	sment (Y details	ES or
1. Our graduates will be	1.1. Our students will produce quality	No		
effective	business and research-oriented documents.			
communicators.	1.2. Students are able to professionally	No		

	present their ideas and also logically explain and defend their argument.	
2. Our graduates will be skilled in team work and leadership.	2.1. Students will be able to lead and participate in group for projects, discussion, and presentation.	Yes (students are expected to form teams to study industries they like and give presentations)
	2.2. Students will be able to apply leadership theories and related skills.	No
3. Our graduates will be trained in ethics.	3.1. In a case setting, students will use appropriate techniques to analyze business problems and identify the ethical aspects, provide a solution and defend it.	No
	3.2. Our students will practice ethics in the duration of the program.	No
4. Our graduates will have a global perspective.	4.1. Students will have an international exposure.	No (but some cases and examples used in the course may be international)
5. Our graduates will be skilled in problem-solving and critical	5.1. Our students will have a good understanding of fundamental theories in their fields.	Yes (we study IO theories)
thinking.	5.2. Our students will be prepared to face problems in various business settings and find solutions.	Yes (we explore the basic tools for this)
	5.3. Our students will demonstrate competency in critical thinking.	Yes (critical thinking is important if one wants to apply theories to the real-world situations.)

2.2 Course specific objectives

The main objectives of the course are to provide students with basic yet solid analytical frameworks for understanding firms and industries, and let them link the theories to practice.

2.3 Assessment/Grading Details

Grading is based on the following:

- 1) Midterm Exam (40 points)
- 2) Final Exam (40 points)
- 3) Group Presentation (20 points)

Notes:

- 1. If one misses the midterm, 20 points of her/his midterm will be moved to the final. There will be no make-up exams.
- 2. For a group presentation, students can either examine an industry or present an antitrust case.
- 3. Students must follow the class attendance policies of the school. Violations may cause consequences that I'm not able to waive. In particular, being absent for more than 30% of the classes will lead to failure of the course.

2.4 Academic Honesty and Plagiarism

It is important for a student's effort and credit to be recognized through class assessment. Credits earned for a student work due to efforts done by others are clearly unfair. Deliberate dishonesty is considered academic misconducts, which include plagiarism; cheating on assignments or examinations; engaging in unauthorized collaboration on academic work; taking, acquiring, or using test materials without faculty permission; submitting false or incomplete records of academic achievement; acting alone or in cooperation with another to falsify records or to obtain dishonestly grades, honors, awards, or professional endorsement; or altering, forging, or misusing a University academic record; or fabricating or falsifying of data, research procedures, or data analysis.

All assessments are subject to academic misconduct check. Misconduct check may include reproducing the assessment, providing a copy to another member of faculty, and/or communicate a copy of this assignment to the PHBS Discipline Committee. A suspected plagiarized document/assignment submitted to a plagiarism checking service may be kept in its database for future reference purpose.

Where violation is suspected, penalties will be implemented. The penalties for academic misconduct may include: deduction of honor points, a mark of zero on the assessment, a fail grade for the whole course, and reference of the matter to the Peking University Registrar.

AI tools requirements:

Using AI tools to complete assignments or assessments without the approval of the course instructor will be regarded as an act of academic dishonesty. Depending on the severity of the situation, penalties will be implemented in accordance with the provisions of the Peking University Graduate Student Handbook.

For more information of plagiarism, please refer to PHBS Student Handbook.

3. Topics, Teaching and Assessment Schedule (Tentative)

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Торіс	Sub-topic	
Monopoly	Monopoly pricing	
Monopoly	Price discrimination	
Monopoly	Designing vertically differentiated products	
Monopoly	Designing horizontally differentiated products	
Monopoly	Bundling and tying	
Oligopoly	Cournot competition	
Oligopoly	Bertrand competition with homogeneous products	
Oligopoly	Bertrand competition with	

	differentiated products	
Oligopoly	Sequential-move competition	
Oligopoly	Personalized pricing under competition	
Midterm	Tenth class	
Oligopoly	Repeated interaction and collusion	
Formation of market structure	Horizontal mergers	
Formation of market structure	Entry deterrence and predation	
Vertical Relationship	Double-marginalization and ways to avoid it	
Vertical Relationship	Vertical restraints	
Presentation		

4. Miscellaneous